

Signs and Symptoms of a Concussion

A concussion is caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head. Concussions can also occur from a fall or blow to the body that causes the head to move rapidly back and forth. Even what seems to be a mild bump to the head can be serious. Be alert for **any** of the following signs and symptoms.

SIGNS OBSERVED BY SCHOOL PROFESSIONALS

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Is confused about events
- Answers questions slowly
- Repeats questions
- Can't recall events prior to hit, bump, or fall
- Can't recall events after hit, bump, or fall
- Loses consciousness (even briefly)
- Shows behavior or personality changes
- Forgets class schedule or assignments

SYMPTOMS REPORTED BY THE STUDENT

Thinking/Remembering

- Difficulty thinking clearlyDifficulty concentrating
- or remembering Feeling more slowed down
- Feeling sluggish, hazy,
- foggy, or groggy

Physical

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomitingBalance problems or
- dizzinessFatigue or feeling tired
- Blurry or double vision
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Sensitivity to light or nois
- Numbness or tingling
 Descent "feel right"
- Does not "feel right"

Emotional

• Irritable

- Sad
- More emotional than usual
- Nervous

Sleep*

- Drowsy
- Sleeps less than usual
- Sleeps more than usual
- Has trouble falling asleep

*Only ask about sleep symptoms if the injury occurred on a prior day.

What can school professionals do?



- Know your Concussion ABCs:
- A—Assess the situation
- **B—Be alert** for signs and symptoms
- C—Contact a health care professional

For more information and to order additional materials FREE-OF-CHARGE, visit: <u>www.cdc.gov/Concussion</u>.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION

